

B.SC. THIRD SEMESTER (HONOURS) EXAMINATION 2021

Subject: Mathematics

Course ID: 32115

Course code: SH/MTH/305/SEC-1

Course Title: Logic and Sets

Time: 2 Hours

Full Marks: 40

The figures in the margin indicate full marks

Notations and symbols have their usual meaning

1. Answer any five questions: 2 × 5 = 10
- (a) Show that $R = \{(x, y) : (x - y) \text{ is divisible by } 7\} \subset \mathbb{Z} \times \mathbb{Z}$ is an equivalence relation on \mathbb{Z} .
- (b) Let $A = \{x \in \mathbb{Z} : 0 \leq x \leq 10\}$ and $B = \{x \in \mathbb{Z} : x \leq 15\}$. Find $A - B$.
- (c) Determine the power set of $A = \{1, 2, 3, 4\}$.
- (d) Find all the equivalence relations on the set $S = \{a, b, c\}$.
- (e) If $A \cup B = A \cup C$ and $A \cap B = A \cap C$ then prove that $B = C$.
- (f) Let A, B be two subsets of an universal set. Prove that $A = B$ if and only if $A \Delta B = \emptyset$.
- (g) Construct the truth table for the statement formula $(\sim p \vee \sim q)$.
- (h) Find the negation of the following quantified predicates:
$$(\exists x, y \in D)(x + y = 3).$$
2. Answer any four question: 5 × 4 = 20
- (a) (i) For any three non-empty sets A, B, C prove that
$$A \times (B \cap C) = (A \times B) \cap (A \times C).$$
- (ii) Show that the sets $A = \{2, 1\}$ and $B = \{x \in \mathbb{R} : x^2 - 3x + 2 = 0\}$ are equal. 3+2
- (b) If $A = \{5, 6, 7, 8, 9\}$, $B = \{2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12\}$ and $C = \{3, 6, 9, 12\}$, then find
$$A \cap (B \cap C), A \cup (B \cup C), A \cup (B \cap C), A \cap (B \cup C), A - (B \cup C).$$
1 + 1 + 1 + 1 + 1 = 5
- (c) (i) Prove that intersection of two equivalence relations on a set A is an equivalence relation on A .
- (ii) Is union of two equivalence relations an equivalence relation? Justify your answer. 3 + 2 = 5
- (d) It is known that in an university, 60% of professors play tennis, 50% of them play bridge, 70% jog, 20% play tennis and bridge, 40% play bridge and jog and 30% play tennis and jog. If someone claimed that 20% professors jog and play tennis and bridge, would you believe his claim? Justify.

(e) (i) Show that the propositions $\sim(a \vee b)$ and $\sim a \wedge \sim b$ are logically equivalent.

(ii) Construct the truth table for the statement form: $(a \vee \sim b) \wedge c$.

3. Answer any one question:

10 × 1 = 10

(a) (i) A relation ρ is defined on \mathbb{Z} by “ $x\rho y$ iff $2x + 3y$ is divisible by 5”. Prove that ρ is an equivalence relation on \mathbb{Z} .

(ii) If $A\Delta B = A\Delta C$, then prove that $B = C$

(iii) Show that $(A - B)$ and $(A \cap B)$ are disjoint sets.

5+3+2

(b) (i) Let p, q, r be three statements. Show that $p \wedge (q \vee r) = (p \wedge q) \vee (p \wedge r)$ (using truth table).

(ii) A relation ρ is defined on the set \mathbb{Z} by “ $x\rho y$ if and only if $x + y$ is odd” for $x, y \in \mathbb{Z}$. Examine whether ρ is reflexive, symmetric and transitive.

(iii) Let ρ be a binary relation on a set A . Then prove that ρ is transitive if and only if $\rho \circ \rho \subset \rho$.

4+3+3
